

DUMPS ARENA

Oracle Autonomous Database Cloud 2022 Professional

Oracle 1z0-931-22

Version Demo

Total Demo Questions: 10

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QUESTION NO: 1

Which statement is FALSE about setting up compartment quotas?

- A. Quotas set on a parent compartment override quotas set on child compartments.
- B. Compartment quotas cannot be set on the root compartment.
- C. Compartment quotas use policies that allow allocation of resources with a high level of flexibility.
- D. You cannot manage quotas in a compartment, unless you belong to a group that has the correct permissions.

ANSWER: B**QUESTION NO: 2**

Which statement is FALSE about Autonomous Database Maintenance on dedicated Exadata infrastructure?

- A. If a scheduled container database maintenance run cannot take place, Oracle will automatically reschedule the container database maintenance for the following quarter.
- B. Autonomous Exadata Infrastructure maintenance takes place at least once each quarter and is mandatory.
- C. You can change your container database maintenance window or reschedule a single container database maintenance run to ensure that your container database maintenance runs follow infrastructure maintenance within the same quarter.
- D. Autonomous Exadata Infrastructure maintenance runs are for infrastructure patching (including patching of the Exadata grid infrastructure code and operating systems updates), and include database patching.

ANSWER: D**Explanation:**

Exadata infrastructure maintenance takes place at least once each quarter and is mandatory.

If a scheduled container database maintenance run cannot take place (because of changes made to infrastructure maintenance scheduling or other reasons) , Oracle will automatically reschedule the container database maintenance for the following quarter.

You can change your container database maintenance window or reschedule a single container database maintenance run to ensure that your container database maintenance runs follow infrastructure maintenance within the same quarter.

Exadata infrastructure maintenance patches the Exadata infrastructure (including patching of the Exadata grid infrastructure code and operating systems updates), and DO NOT include database patching.

QUESTION NO: 3

Which three methods can be used to migrate your existing Oracle database to Autonomous Database? (Choose three.)

- A. Use SFTP to copy CSV files into Autonomous Database
- B. Use Oracle Zero Downtime Migration (ZDM)
- C. Use Recovery Manager (RMAN)
- D. Use GoldenGate
- E. Use Data Pump

ANSWER: B D E

Explanation:

<https://www.oracle.com/sa/database/technologies/cloud-migration.html>

Migrate to Autonomous Database Using Oracle Database Migration Service

You can migrate data to a dedicated Autonomous Database using Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Migration Service that is a fully managed cloud service created to ease the move of established databases from on-premise, third-party, or on Oracle Cloud to Autonomous Database.

Database Migration Service provides you a high performing, self-service experience for migrating databases to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI). Database Migration runs as a managed cloud service separate from your tenancy and resources. The service leverages Oracle's Zero Downtime Migration (ZDM) engine utilizing Oracle GoldenGate replication to provide enterprise-level database migration with minimal downtime. It operates as a multitenant service in a Database Migration service tenancy and communicates with your resources using Private Endpoints (PEs). PEs are managed by Database Migration. To know about the capabilities of Database Migration Service, see [About Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Migration](#).

Database Migration Service supports a wide range of source databases for migrating to Autonomous Database. To view the complete list of supported source database versions, see [Source Database Requirements](#). As of the current release, Database Migration supports only Oracle Autonomous Database on both shared and dedicated exadata infrastructure as the migration targets.

QUESTION NO: 4

Which three security features are available in Oracle Autonomous Database Shared Infrastructure?

- A. Transparent Data Encryption
- B. Database Vault

- C. Customer Managed Keys
- D. Data Redaction
- E. Audit Vault

ANSWER: A B C

Explanation:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/atp-cloud/atpfg/security-features-adb1.html#GUID-89E3C22E-D4EB-472B-8287-41682C2B61B3>

QUESTION NO: 5

Which workload type does the Autonomous Database on dedicated infrastructure service currently support?

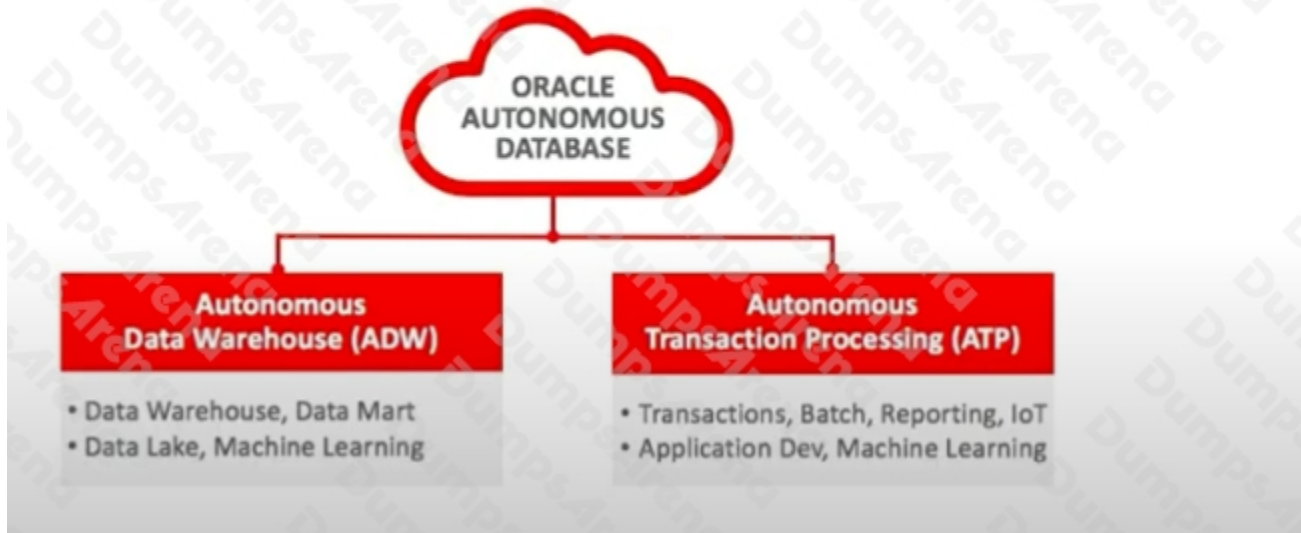
- A. Autonomous Transaction Processing only
- B. ATP and ADW
- C. Autonomous Data Warehouse only
- D. Hybrid Columnar compression

ANSWER: B

Explanation:

AUTONOMOUS DATABASE SERVICES

The underlying converged database capabilities of the Oracle Database enable the Autonomous Database to be offered in two editions that are specifically tailored to a workload following Oracle's Best Practice recommendations. Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse (ADW) is tailored to Data Warehousing, Data Marts, Data Lakes, and Machine Learning workloads. Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing (ATP) is tailored to On-Line Transaction Processing, Batch, reporting, IoT, application development, machine learning, and mixed workload environments.



QUESTION NO: 6

What are three methods to load data into the Autonomous Database?

- A. Oracle GoldenGate
- B. Transportable Tablespace
- C. RMAN Restore
- D. Oracle Data Pump
- E. SQL*Loader

ANSWER: A D E

Explanation:

<https://www.oracle.com/database/technologies/datawarehouse-bigdata/adb-faqs.html#ATPD>

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/autonomous-data-warehouse-cloud/user/load-data-intro.html#GUID-5D2F70D8-4FA1-482C-BFB0-43441FB897F3>

QUESTION NO: 7

Which statement is NOT correct when setting up compartment quotas?

- A. There are three types of quota policy statements which are set, unset and zero.
- B. Compartment quotas use policies that allow allocation of resources with a high level of flexibility.
- C. Along with compartment budgets, compartment quotas create a powerful toolset to manage your spending.
- D. Compartment quotas are set by Oracle.

ANSWER: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/General/Concepts/resourcequotas.htm>

Compartment Quotas

This topic describes compartment quotas for Oracle Cloud Infrastructure.

Compartment quotas give tenant and compartment administrators better control over how resources are consumed in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure, enabling administrators to easily allocate resources to compartments using the Console. Along with [compartment budgets](#), compartment quotas create a powerful toolset to manage your spending in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure tenancies.

You can start using compartment quotas from any compartment detail page in the Console.

About Compartment Quotas

Compartment quotas are similar to [Service Limits](#). The biggest difference is that service limits are set by Oracle, and compartment quotas are set by administrators, using policies that allow them to allocate resources with a high level of flexibility.

Compartment quotas are set using *policy statements* written in a simple declarative language that is similar to the IAM policy language.

QUESTION NO: 8

Which two actions are available to perform when an Autonomous Database is stopped?

- A. Start
- B. Update Network Access
- C. Change administrator password
- D. Update License Type

ANSWER: A D**QUESTION NO: 9**

While creating a business model what advanced options you can enable or disable? (Choose three)

- A. Business Object Security Feature
- B. Analytic View Transparency View
- C. Autonomous Aggregate Cache
- D. Display private tables
- E. Analytic View Base Table Query Transformation

ANSWER: B C E**Explanation:**

The screenshot shows a document titled "Creating and Editing Business Models". It contains the following text:

From the Business Models page, you can create a business model and view information about it. You can also edit a business model and perform other actions on it.

When you create a business model, you identify a fact table that contains the data to inspect. The Business Model creation tool looks at the contents of that table, identifies any hierarchies in the fact table, and searches for other tables that may contain related hierarchies. It then suggests a business model to which you can make any desired adjustments.

While creating a business model, you can enable or disable the following advanced options:

- Autonomous Aggregate Cache, which uses the dimensional metadata of the business model to manage a cache and can improve query response times.
- Analytic View Transparency Views, which presents analytic views as regular database views and enables you to use your analytic tools of choice while gaining the benefits of analytic views.
- Analytic View Base Table Query Transformation, which enables you to use your existing reports and applications without requiring changes to them.

QUESTION NO: 10

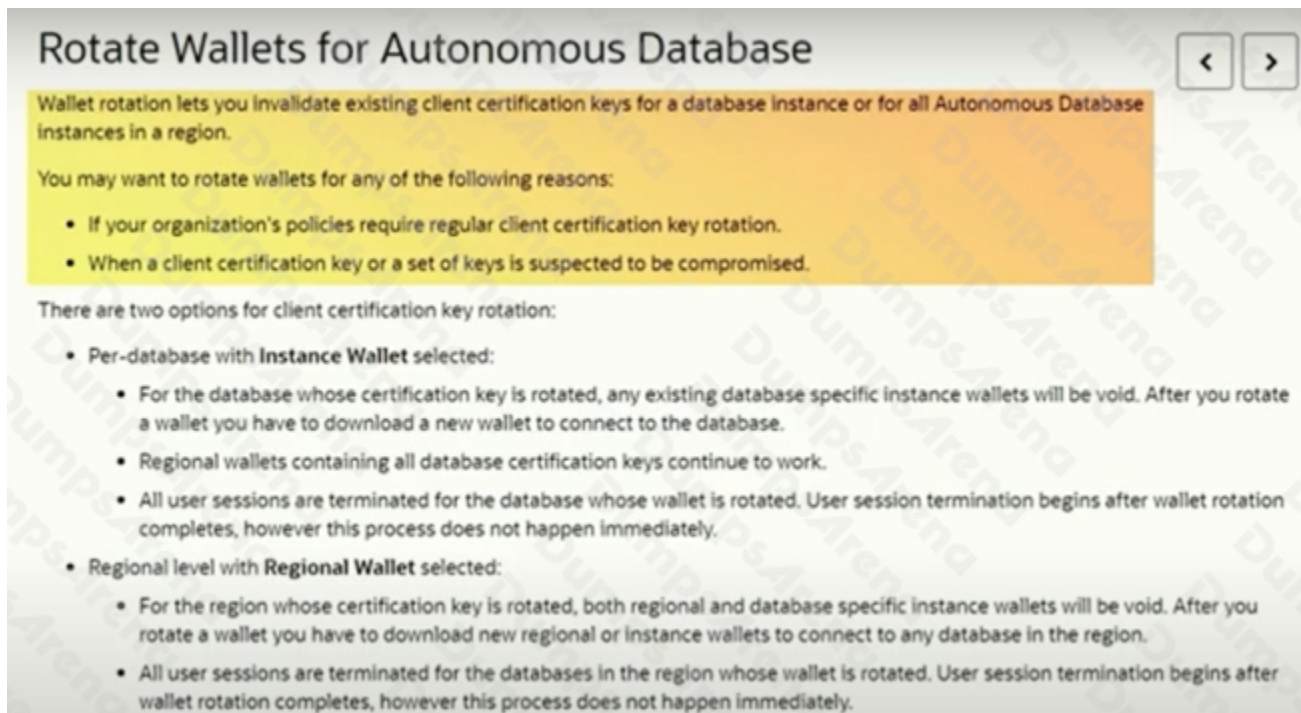
An Autonomous Database (ADB) user with an instance wallet has left the company and they shared a database user id with other users when accessing ADB.

Other than changing the shared user password, what can the admin do to protect the instance?

- A. Trust the user who left to not access the database.
- B. Shutdown and restart the instance.
- C. Rotate the instance wallet and share the new wallet with the remaining users.
- D. Delete the user.

ANSWER: C

Explanation:



Rotate Wallets for Autonomous Database

Wallet rotation lets you invalidate existing client certification keys for a database instance or for all Autonomous Database instances in a region.

You may want to rotate wallets for any of the following reasons:

- If your organization's policies require regular client certification key rotation.
- When a client certification key or a set of keys is suspected to be compromised.

There are two options for client certification key rotation:

- **Per-database with Instance Wallet selected:**
 - For the database whose certification key is rotated, any existing database specific instance wallets will be void. After you rotate a wallet you have to download a new wallet to connect to the database.
 - Regional wallets containing all database certification keys continue to work.
 - All user sessions are terminated for the database whose wallet is rotated. User session termination begins after wallet rotation completes, however this process does not happen immediately.
- **Regional level with Regional Wallet selected:**
 - For the region whose certification key is rotated, both regional and database specific instance wallets will be void. After you rotate a wallet you have to download new regional or instance wallets to connect to any database in the region.
 - All user sessions are terminated for the databases in the region whose wallet is rotated. User session termination begins after wallet rotation completes, however this process does not happen immediately.