

# DUMPS ARENA

## Service Provider Routing and Switching - Specialist (JNCIS-SP)

Juniper JN0-362

Version Demo

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**QUESTION NO: 1**

Which three attributes are well-known mandatory BGP attributes? (Choose three.)

- A. next-hop
- B. AS path
- C. local preference
- D. MED
- E. origin

**ANSWER: A B E****Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.kwtrain.com/blog/bgp-pt2>

**QUESTION NO: 2**

Which two statements are correct about the BGP MED attribute? (Choose two.)

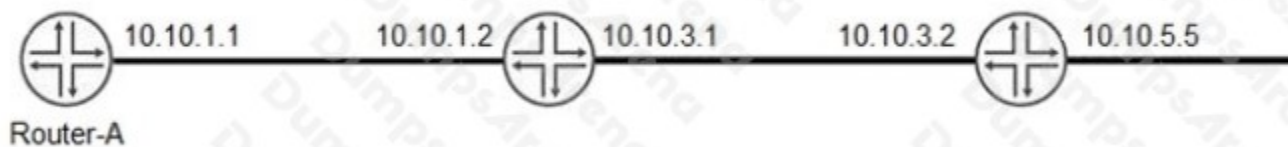
- A. BGP uses the MED value when peering to two or more connections to the same upstream AS
- B. BGP routes require the MED attribute be defined
- C. BGP uses the MED value when peering to two different upstream ASs
- D. BGP assumes the MED value to be 0, if not already defined

**ANSWER: A D****Explanation:**

Reference: [https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\\_US/junos/topics/topic-map/med-attribute.html](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/topic-map/med-attribute.html)

**QUESTION NO: 3**

Click the Exhibit button.



You must create a static route on Router-A to the 10.10.5.0/24 network using 10.10.3.2 as the next hop.

Referring to the exhibit, which configuration accomplishes this task?

- A. 

```
{master:0}[edit]
user@Router-A# show routing-options
static {
    route 10.10.5.0/24 next-hop 10.10.3.2;
}
```
- B. 

```
user@Router-A# show routing-options
static {
    route 10.10.5.0/24 next-hop 10.10.1.2;
}
```
- C. 

```
{master:0}[edit]
user@Router-A# show routing-options
static {
    route 10.10.5.0/24 {
        next-hop 10.10.3.2;
        qualified-next-hop 10.10.1.2;
    }
}
```

```
D. {master:0}[edit]
   user@Router-A# show routing-options
   static {
       route 10.10.5.0/24 {
           next-hop 10.10.3.2;
           resolve;
       }
   }
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**ANSWER: D**

#### QUESTION NO: 4

Which statement about a virtual-router type of routing instance is correct?

- A. It is used to separate large networks into smaller administrative entities
- B. It is the only routing instance type supported on Junos devices
- C. It is used in Layer 3 VPN implementations
- D. It is used to create and maintain separate routing and forwarding tables

**ANSWER: D**

#### QUESTION NO: 5

Which two characteristics describe IS-IS? (Choose two.)

- A. A collection of Level 1 routers serves as the IS-IS backbone
- B. Level 2 routers connect areas in an IS-IS autonomous system
- C. A collection of Level 2 routers serve as the IS-IS backbone

D. A Level 1 IS routes between areas and toward other autonomous systems

**ANSWER: B C**

**Explanation:**

Reference: [https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\\_US/junos/topics/concept/isis-levels-understanding.html](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/concept/isis-levels-understanding.html)

### QUESTION NO: 6

Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit policy-options]
user@router# show
policy-statement load-balance-all {
  then {
    load-balance per-packet
  }
}
```

You have applied the policy shown in the exhibit to the forwarding table on an MX Series device.

How is traffic load-balanced?

- A. per frame
- B. per packet
- C. per segment
- D. per flow

**ANSWER: B**

### QUESTION NO: 7

The IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) performs the same function as which two IPv4 protocols? (Choose two.)

- A. ICMP
- B. ARP
- C. DNS

D. DHCP

**ANSWER: A B**

**Explanation:**

Reference: [https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\\_US/junos/topics/topic-map/ipv6-neighbor-discovery.html#:~:text=Neighbor%20discovery%20for%20IPv6%20replaces,Discovery%20protocol%20\(NDP\)%20messages.](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/topic-map/ipv6-neighbor-discovery.html#:~:text=Neighbor%20discovery%20for%20IPv6%20replaces,Discovery%20protocol%20(NDP)%20messages.)

**QUESTION NO: 8**

What is the correct description of an Area Border Router (ABR)?

- A. An ABR is an OSPF router with links in two areas, connecting OSPF areas to the backbone
- B. An ABR is an OSPF router that injects routing information from outside the OSPF AS
- C. An ABR is an OSPF router with at least one link in a Layer 2 area
- D. An ABR is an OSPF router with all of its links within an area

**ANSWER: A**

**QUESTION NO: 9**

In a stateless IPv6 auto-configuration scenario, what is the host's IPv6 address if the interface's MAC address is 12:34:ab:cd:ef:56?

- A. fe80::1234:abff:fe:cd:ef56/64
- B. fe8::1234:abff:fe:cd:ef56/64
- C. fec0::1234:abff:fe:cd:ef56/64
- D. fe80::1234:abcd:ef56/64

**ANSWER: D**

**QUESTION NO: 10**

Which two statements describe operations performed by the encapsulating tunnel endpoint in an IP-IP tunnel? (Choose two.)

- A. It decrements the time-to-live (TTL) counter by one in the inner IP header
- B. It modifies the source and destination addresses in the inner IP header

- C. It adds an outer IP header with the destination address of the remote tunnel endpoint
- D. It creates and adds a new inner IP header with the remote destination device's IP address

**ANSWER: A C**