

# DUMPS ARENA

## Administration of Symantec Advanced Threat Protection 3.0

Symantec 250-441

Version Demo

Total Demo Questions: 10

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**QUESTION NO: 1**

Where can an Incident Responder view Cynic results in ATP?

- A. Events
- B. Dashboard
- C. File Details
- D. Incident Details

**ANSWER: D****Explanation:**

Reference: [https://support.symantec.com/en\\_US/article.HOWTO128417.html](https://support.symantec.com/en_US/article.HOWTO128417.html)

**QUESTION NO: 2**

An Incident Responder wants to run a database search that will list all client named starting with SYM.

Which syntax should the responder use?

- A. hostname like "SYM"
- B. hostname "SYM"
- C. hostname "SYM\*"
- D. hostname like "SYM\*"

**ANSWER: A****Explanation:**

Reference: [https://support.symantec.com/en\\_US/article.HOWTO124805.html](https://support.symantec.com/en_US/article.HOWTO124805.html)

**QUESTION NO: 3**

Which stage of an Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) attack does social engineering occur?

- A. Capture
- B. Incursion

- C. Discovery
- D. Exfiltration

**ANSWER: B**

#### QUESTION NO: 4

Which two actions can an Incident Responder take in the Cynic portal? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure a SIEM feed from the portal to the ATP environment
- B. Configure email reports on convictions
- C. Submit false positive and false negative files
- D. Query hashes
- E. Submit hashes to Insight

**ANSWER: D E**

#### QUESTION NO: 5

Which two non-Symantec methods for restricting traffic are available to the Incident Response team? (Choose two.)

- A. Temporarily disconnect the local network from the internet.
- B. Create an Access Control List at the router to deny traffic.
- C. Analyze traffic using Wireshark protocol analyzer to identify the source of the infection.
- D. Create a DNS sinkhole server to block malicious traffic.
- E. Isolate computers so they are NOT compromised by infected computers.

**ANSWER: C D**

#### QUESTION NO: 6

An Incident Responder documented the scope of a recent outbreak by reviewing the incident in the ATP manager.

Which two entity relationship examples should the responder look for and document from the Incident Graph? (Choose two.)

- A. An intranet website that is experiencing an increase in traffic from endpoints in a smaller branch office.

- B. A server in the DMZ that was repeatedly accessed outside of normal business hours on the weekend.
- C. A network share is repeatedly accessed during and after an infection indicating a more targeted attack.
- D. A malicious file that was repeatedly downloaded by a Trojan or a downloader that infected multiple endpoints.
- E. An external website that was the source of many malicious files.

**ANSWER: D E**

#### QUESTION NO: 7

An Incident Responder has noticed that for the last month, the same endpoints have been involved with malicious traffic every few days. The network team also identified a large amount of bandwidth being used over P2P protocol.

Which two steps should the Incident Responder take to restrict the endpoints while maintaining normal use of the systems? (Choose two.)

- A. Report the users to their manager for unauthorized usage of company resources
- B. Blacklist the domains and IP associated with the malicious traffic
- C. Isolate the endpoints
- D. Blacklist the endpoints
- E. Find and blacklist the P2P client application

**ANSWER: C E**

#### QUESTION NO: 8

An Incident Responder discovers an incident where all systems are infected with a file that has the same name and different hash. As a result, the organism view has multiple entries for the malicious file.

What is causing this issue?

- A. This is a polymorphic threat
- B. This is a DDoS attack
- C. The file has multiple hashes
- D. The file is trying to phone home

**ANSWER: A**

**QUESTION NO: 9 - (DRAG DROP)**

DRAG DROP

Which level of privilege corresponds to each ATP account type?

Match the correct account type to the corresponding privileges.

Select and Place:

Account	Privilege	
User		Can add to blacklist
Administrator		Can view incidents
Controller		Can configure Synapse

**ANSWER:**

Account	Privilege	
	Controller	Can add to blacklist
	User	Can view incidents
	Administrator	Can configure Synapse

Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 10**

How does an attacker use a zero-day vulnerability during the Incursion phase?

A. To perform a SQL injection on an internal server

- B. To extract sensitive information from the target
- C. To perform network discovery on the target
- D. To deliver malicious code that breaches the target

**ANSWER: D**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.symantec.com/connect/blogs/guide-zero-day-exploits>