

# DUMPS ARENA

## LSI SVM5 Sales Consultant

LSI L50-503

Version Demo

Total Demo Questions: 10

Total Premium Questions: 120

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## Topic Break Down

Topic	No. of Questions
Topic 1, Volume A	59
Topic 2, Volume B	61
<b>Total</b>	<b>120</b>

**QUESTION NO: 1**

How can zero-window backup assist a customer in reducing the time taken to recover volumes, applications, or files?

- A. The customer will simply uncompress the data on disk that was previously compressed by SVM.
- B. The customer can recover from recently taken PiTs that are on disk rather than the last tape backup.
- C. The customer can recover from tape images on a virtual tape library managed by SVM.
- D. The customer can move the data back from a disaster recovery site using IP.

**ANSWER: B**

**QUESTION NO: 2**

Your customer calls to discuss their DPMs and their consolidation project's impact on their DPM port count. They are moving from a pair of dual controllers with four ports to one dual controller with eight ports. Which statement accurately describes what they should do?

- A. They will need four more ports on each DPM.
- B. They will need four fewer ports on each DPM.
- C. They will need eight more ports on each DPM.
- D. They will not need to change their DPM port count.

**ANSWER: D**

**QUESTION NO: 3**

What is an advantage of using thin provisioning over traditional capacity provisioning?

- A. A thin volume serves up only the data blocks called for by a read or write request.
- B. A thin volume automatically provisions additional capacity for large I/O read requests.
- C. A thin volume holds only the changes (writes) made by hosts to the thin volume.
- D. A thin volume migrates data from an existing LUN into a new pool.

**ANSWER: C**

**QUESTION NO: 4**

SVM's multiMigrate would resolve which two scenarios? (Choose two.)

- A. The customer has added new storage to the data center.
- B. The customer is creating a disaster recovery site.
- C. The customer needs to increase storage performance occasionally.
- D. The customer is considering Vmotion for their new VMWare servers.

**ANSWER: A C**

**QUESTION NO: 5**

What are three functions of the SVM server? (Choose three.)

- A. The SVM server processes control frames.
- B. The SVM server processes data frames.
- C. The SVM server manages metadata.
- D. The SVM server translates addresses.
- E. The SVM server moves data.

**ANSWER: A C E**

**QUESTION NO: 6**

Which virtualization device requires a mandatory uninterruptable power supply (UPS) for each node at additional cost?

- A. EMC Invista
- B. NetApp V-Series
- C. IBM SVC
- D. XioTech Emprise

**ANSWER: C**

**QUESTION NO: 7**

An SVM customer is using thin provisioning for their financial database. They have received an SVM alert that capacity for the thin volume is almost exhausted. Which statement describes what the customer should do to expand capacity for their database?

- A. They should do nothing; thin provisioning will automatically provision more capacity.
- B. They must purchase more drives to add capacity to the storage array.
- C. They must provision more physical capacity to the thin volume.
- D. They must delete some of the PiTs that make up the thin provision.

**ANSWER: C**

**QUESTION NO: 8**

Which three actions will help mitigate budget cuts? (Choose three.)

- A. Migrate data to less expensive tiers.
- B. Deploy rapid application recovery.
- C. Avoid Tier 1 storage where possible.
- D. Stripe every volume.
- E. Implement server and storage virtualization.

**ANSWER: A C E**

**QUESTION NO: 9**

What are three benefits that multiMirror would provide to your customer? (Choose three.)

- A. multiMirror lowers the bandwidth required on the customer's WAN.
- B. multiMirror allows the customer to use the data at the disaster recovery site for test or backup.
- C. multiMirror works with both FC and iSCSI SANs for flexibility.
- D. multiMirror allows heterogeneous devices at the disaster recovery site.

E. multiMirror can recover from a network failure by doing a complete resynchronization.

**ANSWER: A B D**

**QUESTION NO: 10**

Capacity trapped in allocation is a result of which two administrative behaviors? (Choose two.)

- A. over allocation to increase the number of operational requests
- B. over allocation of volumes to minimize application disruptions
- C. over allocation of volumes for rapid application recovery
- D. over allocation to minimize frequency of file system size expansions

**ANSWER: B D**